

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

May be used to comply with
 OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard,
 29 CFR 1910.1200. Standard must be
 consulted for specific requirements

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Occupational Safety and Health Administration
 (Non-Mandatory Form)
 Form Approved
 OMB No. 1218-0072

IDENTITY (As Used on Label and List) TEMCOAT or TEMCOAT 3000		<i>Note: Blank spaces are not permitted. If any item is not applicable, or no information is available, the space must be marked to indicate that.</i>	
Section I			
Manufacturer's Name Northtown Products Inc.		Emergency Phone Number (313) 424-3600	
Address (Number, Street, City, State, and ZIP Code) 7700 Jackson Road		Telephone Number for Information (714) 897-0700	
Ann Arbor, Michigan 48103		Date Prepared January 13, 2006	
		Signature of Preparer (optional)	
Section II - Hazardous Ingredients/Identify Information			
Hazardous Components (Specific Chemical Identity; Common Name(s)) OSHA PEL; ACGIH TLV; Other Limits Recommended; % (optional)			
No component is present at sufficient concentration to require a hazardous classification.			
Section III - Physical/Chemical			
Boiling Point Not Determined		Specific Gravity (H ₂ O = 1) .88-.92	
Vapor Pressure (mm Hg.) Not Determined		Melting Point Non-Melting	
Vapor Density (AIR = 1) Not Determined		Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acetate = 1) Non-Volatile	
Solubility in Water Negligible			
Appearance and Odor Brown paste with grease consistency with mild petroleum odor			
Section IV - Fire and Explosion Hazard Data			
Flash Point (Method Used) Open Cup - 350 F minimum	Flammable Limits Estimated	LEL .7% Vol.	UEL 5% Vol.
Extinguishing Media Carbon Dioxide, Foam, Dry Chemical			
Special Fire Fighting Procedures Treat the same as oil or grease fire.			
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards In the presence of strong oxidants and a source of ignition, smoking can occur.			

Section V - Reactivity Data

Stability	Unstable		Conditions to Avoid
	Stable	X	

Incompatibility (*Materials to Avoid*)**Avoid strong oxidants**

Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts

Smoking will release carbon monoxide, dioxide and other hydrocarbon byproducts.

Hazardous Polymerization	May Occur		Conditions to Avoid
	Will Not Occur	X	

Section VI - Health Hazard Data

Route(s) of Entry:	Inhalation?	Skin?	Ingestion?
	Unlikely	Possible	Unlikely

Health Hazards (*Acute and Chronic*)**Not Determined**

Carcinogenicity:	NTP?	IARC Monographs?	OSHA Regulated?
	Not Listed	Not Listed	Not Regulated

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure

Individuals sensitive to petroleum hydrocarbons may be irritated.Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated by Exposure: **See Health Hazards Section.**Emergency and First Aid Procedures: **INHALATION: Move to fresh air if irritated by heated fumes. SKIN: Wash with soap and water. EYES: Flush with water.****INGESTION: Consult physician.****Section VII - Precautions for Safe Handling and Use**

Steps to be Taken in Case Material is Released or Spilled

Scrape up and clean residue with petroleum solvents.

Waste Disposal Method

Bury in approved landfill in accordance with local, state and federal regulations.

Precautions to be Taken in Handling and Storing

Store away from strong oxidants.Other Precautions: **None****Section VIII - Control Measures**Respiratory Protection (*Specify Type*)**Not Required**

Ventilation	Local Exhaust	Special
	Not Required	Not Required
	Mechanical (<i>General</i>)	Other
	Should be Adequate	Not Required

Protective Gloves

Not Required but Recommended

Eye Protection

Not RequiredOther Protective Clothing or Equipment - **Not Required**Work/Hygienic Practices - **General hygiene practices are adequate.**

* The information herein is given in good faith. However, no warranty, expressed or implied, is made regarding this data.